

**Table C-4a. Labor force status of 1999 and 2000 science and engineering master's degree recipients, by major field of degree: April 2001**

| Major field of 1999-2000 S&E master's degree | Total   | Not in labor force | In labor force |          |                         |
|--|---------|--------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------------|
|  |         |                    | Total          | Employed | Unemployed <sup>1</sup> |
| All science and engineering fields.....      | 160,100 | 11,300             | 148,700        | 144,200  | 4,600                   |
| Total science.....                           | 115,300 | 9,500              | 105,800        | 102,400  | 3,500                   |
| Computer and information sciences.....       | 24,300  | S                  | 23,700         | 22,800   | S                       |
| Life and related sciences.....               | 16,200  | 2,500              | 13,700         | 13,200   | S                       |
| Mathematical and related sciences.....       | 6,200   | S                  | 5,700          | 5,500    | S                       |
| Physical and related sciences.....           | 8,600   | 700                | 7,900          | 7,600    | S                       |
| Psychology.....                              | 33,000  | 2,100              | 30,900         | 30,000   | S                       |
| Social and related sciences.....             | 27,100  | 3,100              | 24,000         | 23,200   | S                       |
| Total engineering.....                       | 44,800  | 1,800              | 42,900         | 41,800   | 1,100                   |

<sup>1</sup> The unemployed are those who were not working on April 15 and who were seeking work or who were on layoff from a job.

**KEY:** S = Data with weighted values less than 100 or unweighted sample sizes less than 20 are suppressed for reasons of data reliability.

**NOTES:** Details may not add to totals because of rounding. These estimates of 1999 and 2000 college graduates are obtained from a sample survey of individuals receiving bachelor's or master's degrees in science or engineering fields and may differ from degree counts presented in other SRS publications.

**SOURCE:** National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, National Survey of Recent College Graduates, 2001