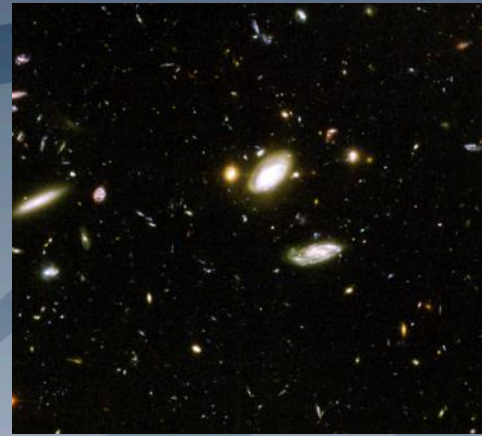


Astrophysics



NASA Feedback on 2016 AAAC Report

Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee
October 27, 2016

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2016 AAAC Report



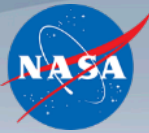
FINDING: Some unique information in the high quality data that will be obtained in several future surveys — particularly LSST, Euclid, and WFIRST — will be significantly enhanced by combining their analysis at an early “pixel” stage, rather than a more highly reduced catalog stage.

RECOMMENDATION: Where it can improve overall science productivity and efficiency, cooperation in database design and data sharing is encouraged among US agencies, international agencies, and scientific collaborations.

RESPONSE

- NASA, NSF, and DOE have formed a Tri-Agency Group to discuss the possible implementation – and cost – of joint pixel analysis for data from LSST, Euclid, and WFIRST.
- Tri-Agency group meets regularly, both within the agencies and with the U.S. leadership of the three projects.

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RECOMMENDATION: The AAAC encourages NASA to continue working toward a plan to develop a space-based gravitational wave observatory as envisioned by NWNH, through participation in the ESA L3 gravitational wave effort.

RESPONSE

- NASA has begun discussions with ESA about a larger role for the U.S. in the L3 mission. ESA is open to a larger role for the U.S., subject to their established constraints on international partnerships (international contributions limited to 20%, all international contributions require a European backup).
- NASA has begun discussions within the Administration on committing to a larger role for the U.S. in the L3 mission. Any changes in out-year planning are subject to the limitations of the out-year planning budget, i.e., no new money.
- NASA is reviewing options for L3-relevant technology investments through the SAT and other programs.
- NASA is reviewing options for reduced funding of exoplanet technology development beyond the WFIRST coronagraph.

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RECOMMENDATION: The agencies should continue to pursue international partnerships in order to further accomplish the goals of NWNH. The AAAC's "Principles for Access to Large Federally Funded Astrophysics Projects and Facilities" should guide the process.

RESPONSE

All of NASA's international partnerships are guided by the AAAC's "Principles for Access to Large Federally Funded Astrophysics Projects and Facilities."

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FINDING: A very low proposal success rate impacts both researchers and the agencies. Researchers spend more time resubmitting meritorious but unfunded proposals and serving on review panels. Some researchers may elect to leave the field or decide not to pursue original and potentially transformative research. Agencies must manage the increased workload, staffing problems, and increased costs associated with reviewing more proposals.

RESPONSE

NASA has discussed several mitigations with the Astrophysics Subcommittee, including

- Alternate year solicitations for the Astrophysics Theory Program
- Rebalancing the funding levels between postdoctoral programs (Hubble, Einstein, Sagan) and core R&A (APRA, ATP, ADAP).



- Formulation
- Implementation
- Primary Ops
- Extended Ops

Spitzer
8/25/2003

Kepler
3/7/2009

WFIRST
Mid 2020s

LISA Pathfinder (ESA)
12/3/2015

Webb
2018

Euclid (ESA)
2020

XMM-Newton (ESA)
12/10/1999

TESS
2017

Chandra
7/23/1999

Swift
11/20/2004

NuSTAR
6/13/2012

Hubble
4/24/1990

Fermi
6/11/2008

ISS-CREAM
2017

ISS-NICER
2017

SOFIA
Full Ops 5/2014