Impact of Proposal and Award Management Mechanisms Report

Advisory Committee Discussions

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What is the Context?

Between FY 2000-2005:
- The NSF budget increased by 44%.
- The average size of research awards increased by 41%.
- Research proposal submissions increased by nearly 50%.

NSF budget increases were absorbed by the growth in the average award size. As a result, the research proposal funding rate decreased by 29%, from 30% to 21%.

Directorate level trends show significant variability in rate of change, degree of change, and starting and end points of change.
Findings: Causal Factors

- The increase in proposal submissions was due to an increased applicant pool and to an increased number of proposals per applicant.
  - Increased size and capacity of the research community
  - Loss of funding from other sources
  - Increased use by NSF of targeted solicitations in new areas
  - External institutional pressures
Solicited vs. Unsolicited Proposal Trends

![Graph showing trends in solicited and unsolicited proposals and funding rates from 2000 to 2005. The graph includes bars representing the number of proposals and lines representing funding rates.]
External Institutional Pressures

Beyond the goal of making contributions to your area of science, to what extent do the following factors motivate you to submit research proposals to any funding source?

Question 23: Building/maintaining a grant record for academic tenure/promotion
Question 24: Contributing to the institution’s research status/reputation
Question 25: Supplementing or paying my own salary
Question 26: Building/maintaining a research infrastructure
Findings: Impacts on Quality and Nature of Proposed Research

- Proportion of highly-rated proposals has not declined. Funding rate of highly-rated proposals has decreased.
- Analyzed attitudinal data to assess community perceptions about transformative research:
  - 56% believe to a great or moderate extent that NSF welcomes transformative research
  - NSF is the predominant choice for submitting proposals with transformative research ideas
  - Significant disconnect between proposer and reviewer perceptions about prevalence of transformative projects
Findings: Impacts on Specific Groups

- The decrease in funding rate has not had a disproportionate effect on women, minorities, beginning PIs, or PIs at particular types of institutions.
  - Funding rates
  - Share of proposal and award portfolios
  - Maintaining funding beyond first award
  - Years between degree and first award
Findings: Impacts on Merit Review

- NSF’s peer review system is overstressed
  - Reviewer workloads have increased
    - Reviewer pool increased 15%, proposal load increased 50%
  - Increased use of panel-only review
  - Time spent on each review, as well as the thoroughness and quality of reviews, may be diminishing (based on survey data)

- Timeliness of proposal decisions did not decline, however PIs are increasingly dissatisfied with turnaround time
Community Perceptions About Funding Rates

- More than 60% of survey respondents perceive that the level of competition at NSF is more intense than at other agencies.

- Most survey respondents underestimated actual funding rates.
  - Nearly 49% of respondents estimate funding rates at 10% or lower.
How to Improve Funding Rates?

- Limit Proposal Submissions
- Increase Number of Awards
Limit Proposal Submissions

- Most funding opportunities do not limit submissions
- Of those that do, three primary mechanisms are used:
  - Preliminary proposals
  - Limiting proposals submitted by an institution
  - Limiting proposals by individual
Limit Proposal Submissions

- Institution limits primarily used for solicitations focused on infrastructure and instrumentation, centers and facilities, or education and training.

- When submission limits are used by research programs, primarily limit submissions by PI.
Increase Number of Awards

- Primarily accomplished by increasing availability of funds:
  - Two fiscal years of funds used for a single competition
  - Adjustments made to the balance of standard and continuing grants
    - Provides some flexibility in responding to increased proposal submissions, but can only be employed for a limited time, and with discretion
IPAMM Recommendations to NSF

- Focus on developing strategies that are appropriate within the context of each unit, that balance long-term planning with the ability to respond to changing needs, and that help break the decline-revise-resubmit cycle for highly fundable proposals.

- Improve communications with internal and external communities:
  - When implementing new management practices
  - About sources of accurate NSF data

- Update the IPAMM trends analyses annually, and periodically reassess the practices and policies of the directorates/research offices.
Current Status

☐ NSF Senior Management currently engaged in discussions of recommendations
  ☐ Implementation initiated on some recommendations

☐ Reaching out to NSF staff to discuss the findings of the report

☐ Reaching out to external communities to begin a dialogue on the implications of the report
  ☐ Alerted the NSF community about the report
  ☐ Discussed issues with the Federal Demonstration Partnership
  ☐ Engaging the Advisory Committees this Fall
“When we try to pick out anything by itself, we find it hitched to everything else in the universe.”

–John Muir
Acknowledgements

**IPAMM Members**
- Joanne Tornow, Chair, O/D
- Paul Herer, Executive Secretary, O/D
- Rita Teutonico (03/06 to 10/06) and Paul Malchow (11/06 to 08/07), BIO
- Suzi Iacono, CISE
- Daniel Litynski, EHR
- Adnan Akay, ENG
- Jarvis Moyers, GEO
- William Rundell (03/06 to 09/06) and Deborah Lockhart (10/06 to 08/07), MPS
- Jacqueline Meszaros, SBE
- Jeanne Hudson, OISE
- Neil Swanberg, OPP
- Vernon Ross, BFA

**Expert Resources:**
- Emily Fort, BFA
- Robert Groves, Chair, SBE AC, and Director, Survey Research Center, University of Michigan
- Brent Miller, AAAS Fellow, BIO
- Jeri Mulrow, SBE
- Louie Rivers, SBE
- Kelli Savia, BFA
- Beth Ann Velo, BFA

**Booz Allen Hamilton Survey Team:**
- George Angerbauer, Michael Carrieri, Pat Corrigan, Mary Kay Gibbons, Chris Johnson, Keisha Kelly, and Luke Monck
Back-Up Slides
Research Proposal Funding Rate Drops as NSF Budget Increases

![Graph showing research proposal funding rates over time with NSF and R&RA budgets and funding rates for years 1997 to 2006. The graph illustrates a decrease in funding rates as the NSF budget increases.](image-url)
Data Sources

- **Statistical data**
  - NSF data on proposal funding rates, PI success rates, budget data, demographic data
  - Science and Engineering Indicators

- **Attitudinal data**
  - 2007 NSF Proposer Survey developed with Booz Allen Hamilton

- **Other input**
  - Focus groups of new rotators, COV reports, discussions with Advisory Committees and the National Science Board
Directorate Funding Rate Trends

![Graph showing funding rate trends for different directorates.](image_url)
Funding Rate Trends for New and Prior PIs in Underrepresented Groups
Trends in Use of Submission Limitations

A. Trends in the Use of Submission Limitations by Institution

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Number of Solicitations
B. Trends in the Use of Submission Limitations by PI

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