Hawaii R&D Facts

U.S. R&D

The principal funders of U.S. R&D (~\$400 billion total in 2009) are the private (business) sector, which funds approximately 62% of all U.S. R&D, and the Federal Government, which funds 31%. The NSB companion report, R&D, Innovation, and the S&E Workforce, highlights a nationwide decline in business funding for R&D from 2008 to 2009 (from \$259B in 2008 to \$247B in 2009). Federal funding from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) partially compensated for this decline. Consequently, total U.S. R&D funding was flat from 2008 to 2009. The companion report noted a variety of other related trends, including a decline in venture capital funding and a shift away from early-stage, riskier venture capital investments during the period between 2007 and 2009.

Hawaii R&D

The 50 states and the District of Columbia vary in the amount of R&D they perform. Data on the top 10 states in R&D performance² by sector and R&D intensity³ for 2008 can be found in the NSB companion report in the table on page 13.4 In 2008, among all U.S. states, Hawaii's estimated rank was 44 for total R&D performance (\$663) million), and 41 for R&D intensity (1.0%).

Hawaii Business R&D

According to the most recent data from NSF's National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics (NCSES) Business R&D and Innovation Survey (BRDIS), funds spent by Hawaii businesses for R&D performed in the U.S. declined 10.8% from 2008 to 2009 (\$269 million to \$240 million). In 2009 (most current data available), Hawaii's estimated rank was 46⁷ in funds spent by Hawaii-based businesses for R&D performed in the U.S. (California was first with \$64.9B in 2009).

Federal R&D Funding Obligations to Hawaii

According to the NCSES Survey of Federal Funds for Research and Development, in 2008, \$351 million in total Federal R&D⁸ was obligated to entities⁹ within Hawaii. In 2009, \$404 million in total Federal R&D was obligated to Hawaii. Of the 2009 Federal R&D obligations, ARRA accounted for \$37.16 million. In 2009, Hawaii ranked number 36 in total Federal R&D dollars obligated to the state (including ARRA funds obligated in 2009¹⁰). 11

Other Hawaii-based Data: Additional Hawaii-related data and trends can be found in chapter 8 of Science and Engineering Indicators 2012, regularly published data updates on the NCSES Web site, and in the NCSES state profiles.

Contact: If you have any questions regarding the NSB companion report, R&D, Innovation, and the S&E Workforce, or the data discussed above, please contact Dr. Matthew Wilson at mbwilson@nsf.gov or 703-292-4510.

¹ See Science and Engineering Indicators 2012, Figure 4.3.

² NSF tracks the R&D spending patterns of all the major performers in the overall U.S. R&D system: businesses, intramural R&D activities of Federal Agencies, federally funded R&D centers (FFRDCs), universities and colleges, and other nonprofit organizations.

³ R&D intensity is the ratio of total R&D performed in a state to its GDP.

⁴ Also, see pages 4-11 and 4-12 in Science and Engineering Indicators 2012, and National Patterns of R&D Resources: 2009 Data Update, Table 10.

⁵ Includes in-state total R&D performance of business sector, universities and colleges, Federal Agencies, federally funded research and development centers, and federally funded nonprofit R&D.

⁶ Data were attributed to the state where the R&D was performed.

⁷ Out of 51 (50 states and District of Columbia)

⁸ Total Federal R&D includes R&D and R&D plant. R&D plant is defined as R&D facilities and fixed equipment. Only 11 agencies are required to report data for this section of survey: Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, Defense (DOD), Energy, Health and Human Services, Homeland Security, the Interior, and Transportation; Environmental Protection Agency; National Aeronautics and Space Administration; and National Science Foundation. Obligations of these 11 agencies represented over 98% of total Federal R&D and R&D plant obligations in FY 2009.

These entities include intramural performers (agencies of the Federal Government) and extramural performers (industry, universities and

colleges, non-profits, and state/local governments).

This includes ARRA funds distributed to Hawaii for R&D in FY 2009. Additional ARRA funds for R&D may have been received by entities in Hawaii in subsequent years.

11 See <u>Survey of Federal Funds for Research and Development</u>, Tables 82, 122, and 124.