Appendix table 2-35

Tertiary-type A, advanced research programs, and tertiary education, by age group and country: 2010

(Percent)

Country	Tertiary-type A and advanced research programs		All tertiary education	
	25–64 years	25–34 years	25–64 years	25–34 years
OECD average	22	28	31	38
Australia	27	34	38	44
Austria	12	15	19	21
Belgium	17	23	35	44
Brazil	11	12	11	12
Canada	26	31	51	56
Chile	17	25	27	38
China	1	2	5	6
Czech Republic	17	23	17	23
Denmark	27	31	33	38
Estonia	22	24	35	38
Finland	23	37	38	39
France	18	26	29	43
Germany	17	19	27	26
Greece	17	20	25	31
Hungary	20	25	20	26
Iceland	29	34	33	36
Ireland	22	30	37	48
Israel	31	32	46	44
Italy	14	20	15	21
Japan	25	33	45	57
Luxembourg	21	26	35	44
Mexico	16	21	17	22
Netherlands	30	38	32	41
New Zealand	24	31	41	46
Norway	35	46	37	47
Poland	23	37	23	37
Portugal	15	25	15	25
Russian Federation[a]	21	21	54	55
Slovak Republic	17	23	17	24
Slovenia	13	19	24	31
South Korea	28	39	40	65
Spain	21	27	31	39
Sweden	25	34	34	42
Switzerland	24	31	35	40
Turkey	13	17	13	17
United Kingdom	28	38	38	46
United States	32	33	42	42

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; ISCED = International Standard Classification of Education.

[a] Data correspond to 2002.

NOTES: Tertiary education includes ISCED levels 5A, 5B, and 6 programs. ISCED 5A programs are largely theory-based and designed to provide sufficient qualifications for entry into advanced research programs and professions with high skill requirements. ISCED 5B programs focus on practical, technical, or occupational skills for direct entry into labor market. ISCED 6 programs are devoted to advanced studies and original research leading to award of an advanced research qualification. In the United States, ISCED 5B corresponds to associate's, ISCED 5A corresponds to bachelor's and master's, and ISCED 6 corresponds to doctoral degrees.

SOURCE: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, *Education at a Glance 2012: OECD Indicators.*

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